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## Start an empiric headache preventive medication when headaches are occurring ≥4 days per month.

Adequate therapeutic trials are 2-3 months; don't give up too early! Make sure to reach an adequate target dose or it may not work.

reduced by 10mg every 1-2 months. Should there be no improvement after 3 months, taper by 10mg every 5-7 days until stopped.  Side effects may include dry eyes / mouth, constipation, urinary retention or cognitive difficulties / confusion, especially in the elderly.  Start 10mg PO qHS for one week, and then increase by the following schedule, as tolerated:  Week II: 10mg PO bid, Week III: 10mg PO qAM / 20mg PO qHS, Week IV: 20mg PO bid  Should there be no improvement after 3 months, taper by 10mg every 5-7 days until stopped.			
Candesartan   If the medication is of benefit, it should be kept in place for 9 months and then tapered slowly (e.g. 4 mg/day every 4-8 weeks). If there has been no benefit after 3 months, the medication can be tapered by 4 mg every 5-7 days until it is stopped. Side effects are rare but may include dizziness / light-headedness, weakness, muscle cramps or wheezing / cough.    Start 10mg taken at bedtime. Increase, as tolerated, by 10mg weekly to 30 mg taken at bedtime (or supper if AM drowsiness is a problem). If the patient is intolerant of side-effects, nortriptyline could be substituted at the same dose.    Partial response? Can be increased further to 50 or 75 mg. If the medication helps (<4 days per month), it should be used for 9 months and then, it car reduced by 10mg every 1-2 months. Should there be no improvement after 3 months, taper by 10mg every 5-7 days until stopped.    Start 10mg PO qHS for one week, and then increase by the following schedule, as tolerated:   Week II: 10mg PO bid, Week III: 10mg PO qAM / 20mg PO qHS, Week IV: 20mg PO bid   Should there be no improvement after 3 months, taper by 10mg every 5-7 days until stopped.	Episodic Migraine (<15 days monthly)	Candesartan	Start 4mg once daily, increase by 4mg/day each week, as tolerated, to 16mg once daily.
If there has been no benefit after 3 months, the medication can be tapered by 4 mg every 5-7 days until it is stopped.  Side effects are rare but may include dizziness / light-headedness, weakness, muscle cramps or wheezing / cough.  Start 10mg taken at bedtime. Increase, as tolerated, by 10mg weekly to 30 mg taken at bedtime (or supper if AM drowsiness is a problem). If the patient is intolerant of side-effects, nortriptyline could be substituted at the same dose.  Partial response? Can be increased further to 50 or 75 mg. If the medication helps (<4 days per month), it should be used for 9 months and then, it car reduced by 10mg every 1-2 months. Should there be no improvement after 3 months, taper by 10mg every 5-7 days until stopped.  Side effects may include dry eyes / mouth, constipation, urinary retention or cognitive difficulties / confusion, especially in the elderly.  Start 10mg PO qHS for one week, and then increase by the following schedule, as tolerated:  Week II: 10mg PO bid, Week III: 10mg PO qAM / 20mg PO qHS, Week IV: 20mg PO bid  Should there be no improvement after 3 months, taper by 10mg every 5-7 days until stopped.			Partial response? The dose can be further increased by 4 mg/day each week to a maximum of 32 mg/day.
Start 10mg taken at bedtime. Increase, as tolerated, by 10mg weekly to 30 mg taken at bedtime (or supper if AM drowsiness is a problem).  If the patient is intolerant of side-effects, nortriptyline could be substituted at the same dose.  Partial response? Can be increased further to 50 or 75 mg. If the medication helps (<4 days per month), it should be used for 9 months and then, it car reduced by 10mg every 1-2 months. Should there be no improvement after 3 months, taper by 10mg every 5-7 days until stopped.  Side effects may include dry eyes / mouth, constipation, urinary retention or cognitive difficulties / confusion, especially in the elderly.  Start 10mg PO qHS for one week, and then increase by the following schedule, as tolerated:  Week II: 10mg PO bid, Week III: 10mg PO qAM / 20mg PO qHS, Week IV: 20mg PO bid  Should there be no improvement after 3 months, taper by 10mg every 5-7 days until stopped.			If the medication is of benefit, it should be kept in place for 9 months and then tapered slowly (e.g. 4 mg/day every 4-8 weeks).
Start 10mg taken at bedtime. Increase, as tolerated, by 10mg weekly to 30 mg taken at bedtime (or supper if AM drowsiness is a problem).  If the patient is intolerant of side-effects, nortriptyline could be substituted at the same dose.  Partial response? Can be increased further to 50 or 75 mg. If the medication helps (<4 days per month), it should be used for 9 months and then, it car reduced by 10mg every 1-2 months. Should there be no improvement after 3 months, taper by 10mg every 5-7 days until stopped.  Side effects may include dry eyes / mouth, constipation, urinary retention or cognitive difficulties / confusion, especially in the elderly.  Start 10mg PO qHS for one week, and then increase by the following schedule, as tolerated:  Week II: 10mg PO bid, Week III: 10mg PO qAM / 20mg PO qHS, Week IV: 20mg PO bid  Should there be no improvement after 3 months, taper by 10mg every 5-7 days until stopped.			If there has been no benefit after 3 months, the medication can be tapered by 4 mg every 5-7 days until it is stopped.
Start 10mg taken at bedtime. Increase, as tolerated, by 10mg weekly to 30 mg taken at bedtime (or supper if AM drowsiness is a problem). If the patient is intolerant of side-effects, nortriptyline could be substituted at the same dose.  Partial response? Can be increased further to 50 or 75 mg. If the medication helps (<4 days per month), it should be used for 9 months and then, it car reduced by 10mg every 1-2 months. Should there be no improvement after 3 months, taper by 10mg every 5-7 days until stopped.  Side effects may include dry eyes / mouth, constipation, urinary retention or cognitive difficulties / confusion, especially in the elderly.  Start 10mg PO qHS for one week, and then increase by the following schedule, as tolerated:  Week II: 10mg PO bid, Week III: 10mg PO qAM / 20mg PO qHS, Week IV: 20mg PO bid  Should there be no improvement after 3 months, taper by 10mg every 5-7 days until stopped.			Side effects are rare but may include dizziness / light-headedness, weakness, muscle cramps or wheezing / cough.
reduced by 10mg every 1-2 months. Should there be no improvement after 3 months, taper by 10mg every 5-7 days until stopped.  Side effects may include dry eyes / mouth, constipation, urinary retention or cognitive difficulties / confusion, especially in the elderly.  Start 10mg PO qHS for one week, and then increase by the following schedule, as tolerated:  Week II: 10mg PO bid, Week III: 10mg PO qAM / 20mg PO qHS, Week IV: 20mg PO bid  Should there be no improvement after 3 months, taper by 10mg every 5-7 days until stopped.		Amitriptyline	Start 10mg taken at bedtime. Increase, as tolerated, by 10mg weekly to 30 mg taken at bedtime (or supper if AM drowsiness is a problem).
reduced by 10mg every 1-2 months. Should there be no improvement after 3 months, taper by 10mg every 5-7 days until stopped.  Side effects may include dry eyes / mouth, constipation, urinary retention or cognitive difficulties / confusion, especially in the elderly.  Start 10mg PO qHS for one week, and then increase by the following schedule, as tolerated:  Week II: 10mg PO bid, Week III: 10mg PO qAM / 20mg PO qHS, Week IV: 20mg PO bid  Should there be no improvement after 3 months, taper by 10mg every 5-7 days until stopped.			If the patient is intolerant of side-effects, nortriptyline could be substituted at the same dose.
Side effects may include dry eyes / mouth, constipation, urinary retention or cognitive difficulties / confusion, especially in the elderly.  Start 10mg PO qHS for one week, and then increase by the following schedule, as tolerated:  Week II: 10mg PO bid, Week III: 10mg PO qAM / 20mg PO qHS, Week IV: 20mg PO bid  Should there be no improvement after 3 months, taper by 10mg every 5-7 days until stopped.			Partial response? Can be increased further to 50 or 75 mg. If the medication helps (<4 days per month), it should be used for 9 months and then, it can be
Propranolol  Start 10mg PO qHS for one week, and then increase by the following schedule, as tolerated:  Week II: 10mg PO bid, Week III: 10mg PO qAM / 20mg PO qHS, Week IV: 20mg PO bid  Should there be no improvement after 3 months, taper by 10mg every 5-7 days until stopped.			reduced by 10mg every 1-2 months. Should there be no improvement after 3 months, taper by 10mg every 5-7 days until stopped.
Propranolol  Week II: 10mg PO bid, Week III: 10mg PO qAM / 20mg PO qHS, Week IV: 20mg PO bid  Should there be no improvement after 3 months, taper by 10mg every 5-7 days until stopped.			Side effects may include dry eyes / mouth, constipation, urinary retention or cognitive difficulties / confusion, especially in the elderly.
Should there be no improvement after 3 months, taper by 10mg every 5-7 days until stopped.	Chronic Migraine (≥15 days monthly)	Propranolol	Start 10mg PO qHS for one week, and then increase by the following schedule, as tolerated:
Should there be no improvement after 3 months, taper by 10mg every 5-7 days until stopped.			Week II: 10mg PO bid, Week III: 10mg PO qAM / 20mg PO qHS, Week IV: 20mg PO bid
Side effects may include fatigue, exercise intolerance, worsening depression, or intolerable dizziness, orthostatic presyncope or syncope.  Start 25mg PO daily. Increase, as tolerated, by 25mg every month to a maximum of 100mg. This can be taken bid or all at bedtime.  Partial response? Can increase to 100mg PO bid, in similar fashion. After 9 months, if headaches are occurring 4 or fewer times a month, it can be reduced.			Should there be no improvement after 3 months, taper by 10mg every 5-7 days until stopped.
Start 25mg PO daily. Increase, as tolerated, by 25mg every month to a maximum of 100mg. This can be taken bid or all at bedtime.  Partial response? Can increase to 100mg PO bid, in similar fashion. After 9 months, if headaches are occurring 4 or fewer times a month, it can be reduced			Side effects may include fatigue, exercise intolerance, worsening depression, or intolerable dizziness, orthostatic presyncope or syncope.
Partial response? Can increase to 100mg PO bid, in similar fashion. After 9 months, if headaches are occurring 4 or fewer times a month, it can be reduced		Topiramate	Start 25mg PO daily. Increase, as tolerated, by 25mg every month to a maximum of 100mg. This can be taken bid or all at bedtime.
			Partial response? Can increase to 100mg PO bid, in similar fashion. After 9 months, if headaches are occurring 4 or fewer times a month, it can be reduced by
25 mg every 1-2 months until stopped or headaches return. If needed, resume last effective dose and maintain another 12 months before trying another s			25 mg every 1-2 months until stopped or headaches return. If needed, resume last effective dose and maintain another 12 months before trying another slow
taper. If no improvement after 8 weeks, taper by 25mg/day each week until stopped.			taper. If no improvement after 8 weeks, taper by 25mg/day each week until stopped.
Numbness / tingling of the fingers and toes? Eating banana, kiwi, or cantaloupe daily (K+-rich foods) may help; it often improves with time.			Numbness / tingling of the fingers and toes? Eating banana, kiwi, or cantaloupe daily (K+-rich foods) may help; it often improves with time.
Other side effects may include mild word finding issues or cognitive difficulties. Advise them to avoid dehydration to help avoid kidney stones.			Other side effects may include mild word finding issues or cognitive difficulties. Advise them to avoid dehydration to help avoid kidney stones.
			Caution about suicidal ideation, and symptoms of acute angle closure glaucoma that might occur; advise them on what to do should these symptoms occur.
Advise them to monitor weight for excessive weight loss. If they are of reproductive age, caution about teratogenicity / cleft palate risk.			



**CHS Position Statement:** In the absence of red flags, patients should trial at least two oral preventive medications for a minimum of 2 months before referral to a headache specialist